

Political Parties

1. OBJECTIVE QUESTIONS

- Which is not the component of a political party?
(a) The leaders (b) The followers
(c) The active members (d) The ministers
Ans : (d) The ministers
- The clearly visible institutions of a democracy are:
(a) people (b) societies
(c) political parties (d) pressure groups
Ans : (c) political parties
- Which is not a function of political party?
(a) To contest election
(b) Faith in violent methods
(c) Political education to the people
(d) Form public opinion
Ans : (b) Faith in violent methods
- Without the political parties, the utility of the government will remain:
(a) uncertain (b) powerful
(c) peaceful (d) none of the above
Ans : (a) uncertain
- is an organised group of person who come together to contest election and try to hold power in government.
(a) Political party (b) Democracy
(c) Parliament (d) None of these
Ans : (a) Political party
- Political parties can be reformed by
(a) reducing the role of muscle power
(b) reducing the role of money
(c) state funding of election
(d) All of the above
Ans : (d) All of the above
- The political parties of a country have a fundamental political in a society.
(a) choice (b) division
(c) support (d) power
Ans : (b) division
- Political parties are there in a country to give people:
(a) freedom (b) choice
(c) protection (d) none of the above
Ans : (b) choice

- Members of ruling party follows the directions of:
(a) people (b) party leaders
(c) pressure groups (d) None of the above

Ans : (b) party leaders

- Which of the following is a regional party?
(a) Bhartiya Janta Party (BJP)
(b) Bahujan Samaj Party (BSP)
(c) Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam (DMK)
(d) Communist Party of India (Marxist) CPI

Ans : (c) Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam (DMK)

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- Name the party that emerged out of mass movement.
(a) Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam (DMK)
(b) Bhartiya Janata Party (BJP)
(c) Rashtriya Janata Dal (RJD)
(d) Janta Dal

Ans : (a) Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam (DMK)

- Which is the essential element of a political party?
(a) Organisation
(b) National interest
(c) Fundamental principles
(d) All of the above

Ans : (d) All of the above

- A political party is an association of:
(a) people (b) children
(c) parties (d) none of the above

Ans : (a) people

- Parties are a necessary condition for a:
(a) democracy (b) authoritarian
(c) dictatorship (d) none of the above

Ans : (a) democracy

- Choose the wrong statement about political party.
(a) Political party contests election.
(b) Political party acts as an opposition party.

- (c) Political party does not make law.
 (d) None of the above

Ans : (c) Political party does not make law.

16. How many national parties are there in India.?

- (a) 10 (b) 12
 (c) 07 (d) 20

Ans : (c) 07

17. How many political parties are in India (approximately)?

- (a) 200 (b) 750
 (c) 500 (d) 650

Ans : (b) 750

18. In a democratic country, any group of citizens is free to form:

- (a) a political party (b) society
 (c) religion (d) all of the above

Ans : (a) a political party

19. Under which system, only one-party is allowed to function?

- (a) Single-party system (b) Bi-Party system
 (c) Multi-party system (d) None of these

Ans : (a) Single-party system

20. Elephant is the election symbol of

- (a) Bahujan Samaj Party (BSP)
 (b) Bhartiya Janata Party (BJP)
 (c) Indian National Congress (INC)
 (d) Rashtriya Janata Dal (RJD)

Ans : (a) Bahujan Samaj Party (BSP)

21. Bhartiya Jana Sangh is the mother party of

- (a) Bhartiya Janata Party (BJP)
 (b) Indian National Congress (INC)
 (c) Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam (DMK)
 (d) Samajwadi Party (SP)

Ans : (a) Bhartiya Janata Party (BJP)

22. Bahujan Samaj Party stands for the cause of

- (a) interest of literate
 (b) interest of oppressed people
 (c) interest of elite class
 (d) None of the above

Ans : (b) interest of oppressed people

23. Lack of Internal democracy is the challenge faced by

- (a) national party (b) regional party
 (c) political party (d) None of the above

Ans : (c) political party

are recognised as national parties in India.

Ans : INC, BJP, BSP, CPI, CPI-M, NCP Congress

2. A political party has components like, and

Ans : leaders, the active members, the followers

3. Every party in the country has to register within the

Ans : Election Commission

Note : Question 3 is not available in book.

3. TRUE/FALSE

DIRECTION : Read each of the following statements and write if it is true or false.

1. In some cases, parties support criminals who can win elections.

Ans : True

2. National parties have representation in less than four states.

Ans : False

3. BSP was formed in 1984 under the leadership of Kanshi Ram.

Ans : True

4. The state party secures atleast 6 percent of the total votes in an election to the legislative assemblies of a state.

Ans : True

5. BJP was founded in 1988 as a result of the split in INC.

Ans : False

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2. FILL IN THE BLANK

DIRECTION : Complete the following statements with appropriate word(s).

1.,,, and